Appendix E

Full Equality Impact Assessment

For a policy, project, service or other decision that is new, changing or under review

What is being assessed?		HRA:	HRA: Rent and Servic		022/24
Lead Assessor	Chris Stratford	ris Stratford			Elizabeth Ddamulira
Start date	Jan 2022	2022 End date Jan 2024			
When will t reviewed?	When will the EqIA be Jan reviewed?				

Who may be affected by it?	All tenants
	Rent increases are prescribed by Government and it is extremely difficult therefore not to apply the determination made by Government annually.
What are the key aims of it?	To increase the rent on dwellings from week commencing 4 April 2022 by 4.1%, which is ,an average increase of £4.06 for social rents, £6.60 for affordable rents and £4.74 for Low Start Shared Ownership homes per week (based on a 52 week year). This has been calculated using the rent formula CPI (3.1) +1% in line with government policy and the Council's Rent and Service Charge Policy.
	The Council's Rent and Service Charge Policy provides a framework for setting our rents and service charges within legislative requirements. The rent and service charge income underpins the delivery of the Housing Revenue Account Business Plan's key housing objectives to deliver effective services, to invest in its properties to ensure homes are of a modern standard and to provide new social housing to rent. The policy was revised in

December 2019.
The revisions aimed to ensure that the policy complied with the government's direction on the Rent Standard 2019 and to clarify the Council's position in relation to service charge increases and affordable rents. A further aim since 2020 is to mitigate the impact of COVID 19 on our customers and their ability to pay rent and service charges. Key elements include:
 To increase rents on social rent and affordable rent properties by up to CPI+1% each year from 2020, for a period of at least five years. Increase the rents for all excluded properties by CPI +1%, e.g. LSSO Set the rent for a proportion of new build homes at affordable rents. Set the rent where adaptations or extensions have resulted in the property being increased in size (for example, an additional bedroom), in accordance with the formula rent as detailed in the policy. Further to the Welfare Reform and Work Act 2016, charge the rent payable by new tenants of existing social rent housing at the higher of the formula rent (i.e. the 'social rent rate'), or the actual rent (i.e. the 'assumed rent rate') as at 8th July 2015, with the appropriate rent increase applied in line with the current Rent Standard Direction (February 2019). Charge actual costs for service charges but with the provision to apply a cap, subject to any legal constraints, on affordability grounds where appropriate. Mitigation of COVID19 impact

What positive measures are in place (if any) to help fulfil our legislative duties to:									
Remove discrimination & harassment	Promote equal opportunities	The aim of the Rent & Service Charge Policy is to provide a fair method of calculating rents and service charges for all of our tenants. It also aligns with the council's Concessions for Fees and Charges Policy, and the principle of recovering the cost of providing services.	Encourage good relations						

What sources of data / information are you using to inform your assessment?	 Policy Statement on Rents for Social Housing, February 2019 Direction on the Rent Standard, 2019 Welfare Reform and Work Act 2016 Housing and Planning Act 2016 Rent and service charge policy agreed by Exec December 2019 and recommended to Council in January 2020 Rent account information Housing System data Supported housing service data
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In assessing the potential impact on people, are there any overall comments that you would like to make?	Approval to increase rents by CPI + 1% for 5 years from 2020/21 required a revision of HRA Budget plans priorities. The HRA Business Plan was agreed at the December 2019 Executive Meeting.
	The average rent increase for 2022/2023 is (Adjusted Limited Basic 2021) + 1.0% (General stock) and + 1.0 % (LSSO stock).
	When calculating rents and service charges accounts, consideration will be taken of the need to balance any increase in the combined rent and service charge with the potential financial impact on customers. This relates to 37% of homes to which a service charge applies, which are predominantly flats as well as sheltered accommodation. The Council must recover the actual cost of providing the service and service charge costs will increase with inflationary pressures and changes in usage.
	 The impact of the 2022/23 rent increase and service charges is 306 homes or 4% receive a rent and service charge reduction; 7,657 homes or 96% of households will receive a weekly rent and service charge increase of less than £4.06 (based on 52 weeks).

We had 7653 general social rented properties, 36 affordable rent properties, 857including Walpole Court and Hobbs Court) Sheltered Accommodation and 85 LSSO as at Jan 2022. The setting of a proportion of new build lets at affordable rents will contribute positively to increasing the supply of new homes in Stevenage. All target groups will benefit given the need for affordable housing is common across all socio-economic and minority groups. The current low supply of new affordable housing and the high cost of the private rented sector in Stevenage have impacted adversely on those groups whose incomes are average or below average.
This also further supports work with people who need help to live independently at home and those at risk of homelessness, through wider housing options, continued provision of support, and financial assistance for adaptations and more homelessness preventative programmes respectively.
Any groups that are potentially disadvantaged are still expected to be able to benefit from a council property set at a social rent.
Tenants benefited from four years of rent reduction from 2016-2020 so the impact of the rent increase is mitigated partially by having to use a lower base than it would have been had there not been a mandatory rent reduction (cumulative) of 1 % between 2016-2020.

Evidence and impact assessment

Explain the potential impact and opportunities it could have for people in terms of the following characteristics, where applicable:

Age							
Positive		Negative		Unequal	The increase is applied to all properties; it is not possible to exempt any		

impact	impact		impact	particular groups. A proportion of tenant charges in any given year. The majority services live in flats and/or sheltered ac sheltered housing do so because they support relating to age, disability or bot sheltered housing is 55 years and data proportion of tenants aged 60+ in shelte the proportion for all tenant housing.	y of tenants who are charged for ccommodation. Tenants living in have additional needs that require h. The minimum age for entry into from Northgate indicates that the ered housing, is almost three time	e O è es		
				of people aged 18-29 years in flat block				
				For people living in independent living/f basic rent and service charges, those w response services that are not eligible increase in overall payment due each w	vho pay for the support/emergen for Housing benefit may see an	cy		
				We currently know that COVID-19 is di- older people and those with underlying this age group incurring extra expenses rent and service charges.	conditions. This may result in in			
	data and in this assessi		See p	e page two and three.				
What oppo there to mi impact?	establis also re section	sh the impa fer to the n	act of the hitigations ost of whic	ake place with residents in 2022/23 to rent & service charge increase. Please outlined in the socio-economic ch will also apply to this protected	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)			

	Disability										
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequa impact	particula collecte was als have pr proporti disabilit populat	rease is applied to all properties; it is not possible to exempt any ar groups. Northgate data on tenants in relation to disability was ed a number of years ago and is not up to date. This information so disclosed at the tenants' discretion so some tenants may not rovided it. To give some context, the data indicates that the ion of tenants in sheltered housing declaring that they had a ty was almost double the proportion for the whole SBC tenant tion.					
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment					ee page tw	o and three.					
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?					What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)						

Gender reassignment, Marriage or civil partnership, Pregnancy & maternity, Race, Religion or belief, Sex, Sexual orientation N/A									
Positive impact	Positive impact Negative impact Unequal impact								
	Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment								
	What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion? What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)								

	Socio-economic ¹								
e.g. lo	e.g. low income, unemployed, homelessness, caring responsibilities, access to internet, public transport users								
Positive impact		egative	The rent increase will be applied across all tenancies prescribed by the Work and Welfare Reform Act and in line with the current Rent Standard Direction (February 2019) regardless of circumstances. This will be applied for at least the next 3 years. Those reliant on Housing Benefit (HB) and Universal Credit (UC) Housing costs to cover their full rent and eligible service charges won't be affected by the increase in rent and service charges as their benefit award will be recalculated. The number of bids on the new build properties let at affordable rents are similar to the number received for new build let at social rents. There is a mixture of employed and unemployed applicants. Applicants in receipt of benefits are not excluded or unfairly treated. Those who receive services for which a service charge is made will be charged the actual cost of those services. Heating charges are exempt from HB and tenants are expected to pay this. Water charges are also exempt from HB and are set by the Water Authority. SBC collects the water charges on behalf of the Water Authority.	Unequal impact					
			The COVID19 pandemic has caused						

¹Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

			unemployment and unstable employment for example we have 249 residents as December 2021 who are furloughed, or retention or made redundant. Residents experiencing exceptional ec- hardship who are unable to work due to to self-isolate and are receiving a drop earnings.	at 16 in job conomic o a duty	
	nce the data and information upport this assessment	See page tv	wo and three	-	
What opportunities are there to mitigate the impact and promote equality and inclusion?	cause hardship, the council m Rent increase information will to start preparing tenants. The rent notification letter (to be tenants the opportunity to disc why the rent has increased an Where a property has a numb with a summary of how the we Where support charges are all sheltered and flexi care schem	itigating the i ay subsidise be published be sent out a cuss any que d also explai er of service eekly charge so included (nes) separate	impact of an increase that would the costs. d on our website early February 2022 at the end of February) will offer ries they have with staff. It will explain in any increase in service charges. charges they will be fully explained, has increased overall.	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	

To ensure that this is explained as clearly as possible there will be a FAQ sheet and details on the website and hard copies available for those who need them.	
The policy states that the Council will have regard to the Local Housing Allowance when setting affordable rents. If affordable rents are set at this level, HB/ UC housing cost will cover the rent in full for those tenants who are entitled to the maximum amount of housing benefit. Setting at the Local Housing Allowance will also benefit tenants who are, for example on a low wage or zero hour contracts and where partial housing benefit can be paid.	
For those moving into Affordable Rent (AR) properties a comprehensive affordability assessment is carried out prior to offer to ensure that the tenancy is sustainable.	
The implementation of the policy in respect of AR will be kept under review by the Housing Development Executive Committee and should adverse impacts be identified this will inform future decision making in this regard.	
Support provision for this group has been increased as part of an income recovery action plan, to ensure that they can pay through sustainable arrangements to maintain payments towards rent and service charges. Additional staffing resources have been secured to continue work to target and support UC cases to maximise income collection and minimise the level of arrears for this group of tenants.	
We will make links to support and guidance clear on all of our communication platforms.	
We will prepare staff to enable them to respond effectively and empathetically with tenants.	

Other please feel free to consider the potential impact on people in any other contexts							
Positive impact							
	Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment						
What opportunities are there to mitigate the impact?					What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

What are the findings of any consultation with:

Residents?	Planned consultation with residents during 2021/22 regarding the impact of the new rent policy was postponed to 2022/23 due to work load catch up due COVID19 over 2020 and 2021. This will be the second year of increase since the rent reduction regime was introduced and consultation will enable us to establish the impact and put in place systems to mitigate this accordingly.	Staff?	
Voluntary & community sector?		Partners?	
Other stakeholders?	Housing Management Advisory Board (HMAB) was consulted in November 2019 and was supportive of the policy to charge service charges at actual costs but with the provision in the policy to cap any increases if this would cause hardship.		
	In terms of affordable rents, HMAB broadly supported this policy. There are still some concerns about the affordability of such schemes and the position if tenants lost employment/were on a low wage. The rent would be covered in full for those tenants entitled to full HB/ UC housing costs due to the rent being set		

at the LHA level. Also those in low paid employment may be entitled to partial	
HB/ UC housing costs. Thorough affordability assessments will be carried out.	

Overall conclusion & future activity

Explain the overall findings of the assessment and reasons for outcome (please choose one):					
1. No inequality, inclusion issues or opportunities to further improve have been identified					
	2a. Adjustments made				
	2b. Continue as planned	The future viability of the HRA Business Plan will be reliant upon us being able to recover the costs of service provision where it's possible to do so.			
Negative / unequal impact, barriers to inclusion or		Only a proportion of new builds will be at affordable rent in line with the revised HRA Budget plan. The proposal to offer a mix of new build rents at affordable rent levels and at social rent levels would result in additional income to the HRA over 30 years which makes a significant contribution to the sustainability of the plan and the Council's ability to build new homes and to deliver other housing priorities.			
improvement opportunities identified		There are plans to build 240 social rented and 270 affordable rented houses over the 5 years of the revised Business Plan. The policy and the aim is for a 50/50 split, but due to the timing of delivery on schemes the weighting is slightly biased towards affordable, but it evens out over the whole 30 year plan.			
		This means that there will be a total of approximately 4% of council homes at affordable rent at the end of the 5 year period. The majority of annual lettings (i.e. of new build and re-let properties) would continue to be at a social rent level and it is estimated that after 30 years the vast majority of council property rents (an estimated 88%) will be set at the			

	social rent rate, subject to any changes in legislation or Government guidance.
2c. Stop and remove	

Detail the actions that are needed as a result of this assessment and how they will help to remove discrimination & harassment, promote equal opportunities and / or encourage good relations:						
Action Will this help to remove, promote and / or encourage? Responsible officer Deadline How will as busined						
Consultation with residents to establish the impact of the rent increase	Remove discrimination and promote equal opportunities	Elizabeth Ddamulira	March 2023	Systems will be put in place to mitigate impacts		

Approved by Assistant Director (Housing and Investment) : Chris Stratford

Date: 12/01/22